



# BULLETIN

Embassy of DPR Korea in Abuja, Nigeria

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## Historic First DPRK–U.S. Summit Meeting and Talks Held

**Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and supreme commander of the Korean People's Army, held the summit meeting and talks with Donald J. Trump, president of the United States of America, at Sentosa Island of Singapore on June 12, 2018 for the first time in the histories of the two countries.

Thanks to the fixed decision and will of the top leaders of the two countries to put an end to the extreme hostile relations between the DPRK and the U.S., which lingered for the longest period on the earth on terms of acute confrontation and to open up a new future for the sake of the interests of the peoples of the two countries and global peace and security, the first DPRK–U.S. summit is to be held.

Singapore, the country of the epoch-making meeting much awaited by the whole world, was awash with thousands of domestic and foreign journalists and a large crowd of masses to see this day's moment which will remain long in history.

**Kim Jong Un** left his lodging quarters at 8:10 a.m. local time and arrived at Capella Hotel on Sentosa Island of Singapore, the venue of the talks.

Seen standing at the lobby of the venue of the talks where the top leaders of the DPRK and the U.S. will have the first meeting were the flags of the DPRK and the U.S.

At 9:00 a.m. local time the respected Supreme Leader of the party, state and army of the DPRK **Kim Jong Un** met and shook hands with U.S. President Donald J. Trump for the first time.

The top leaders of the two countries came to take their first step toward reconciliation for the first time in the 70 odd years-long history of standoff and antagonism since the division of the Korean Peninsula, and to stand face to face at the venue of dialogue.

Chairman **Kim Jong Un** had a souvenir photo taken with President Trump. The two top leaders went to the conference room, having a familiar talk.

Tete-a-tete talks were held between the two top leaders.

Noting that it was not easy to get to where they were, **Kim Jong Un** made the meaningful words there was a past that gripped their ankles and prejudice and wrong practice covered their eyes and ears, but they overcame all that to come to this place and stand at a new starting point.

The two top leaders had a candid exchange of views on the practical issues of weighty significance in putting an end to the decades-long hostile relations between the DPRK and the U.S. and making peace and stability settle on the Korean Peninsula.

Then followed extended talks.

Present there from the DPRK side were Kim Yong Chol and Ri Su Yong, vice-chairmen of the Central Committee of the WPK, and Foreign Minister Ri Yong Ho.

Present there from the U.S. side were Secretary of State Mike Pompeo, United States National Security Advisor John Bolton and White House Chief of Staff John Kelly.

There was a comprehensive and in-depth discussion over the issues of establishing new DPRK-U.S. relations and building a permanent and durable peace mechanism on the Korean Peninsula at the talks.

Noting that he is pleased to sit face-to-face with President Trump and the U.S. side's delegation, Chairman **Kim Jong Un** highly praised the president's will and enthusiasm to resolve matters in a realistic way through dialogue and negotiations, away from the hostility-woven past.

Expressing belief that the summit talks would lead to improvement of the DPRK-U.S. relations, President Trump appreciated that an atmosphere of peace and stability was created on the Korean Peninsula and in the region, although distressed with the extreme danger of armed clash only a few months ago, thanks to the proactive

peace-loving measures taken by the respected Supreme Leader from the outset of this year.

Noting that many problems occurred due to deep-rooted distrust and hostility existing between the two countries, **Kim Jong Un** said in order to achieve peace and stability of the Korean Peninsula and realize its denuclearization, the two countries should commit themselves to refraining from antagonizing each other out of mutual understanding, and take legal and institutional steps to guarantee it.

He also underlined the need for the DPRK and the U.S. to take practical measures actively to carry out the issues discussed at the talks.

## Joint Statement from Kim Jong Un and Trump after Summit

The following is a joint statement of the Singapore summit signed by **Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Donald J. Trump, president of the United States of America, on June 12:

**Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and Donald J. Trump, president of the United States of America, held the first historic summit in Singapore on June 12, 2018.

Chairman **Kim Jong Un** and President Trump conducted a comprehensive, in-depth and sincere exchange of opinions on the issues related to the establishment of new DPRK-U.S. relations and the building of a lasting and robust peace regime on the Korean Peninsula.

President Trump committed to provide security guarantees to the DPRK and Chairman **Kim Jong Un** reaffirmed his firm and unwavering commitment to complete denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula.

Convinced that the establishment of new DPRK-U.S. relations will contribute to the peace and prosperity of the Korean Peninsula and of the world, and recognizing that mutual confidence building can

promote the denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula, Chairman **Kim Jong Un** and President Trump state the following:

1. The DPRK and the United States commit to establish new DPRK-U.S. relations in accordance with the desire of the peoples of the two countries for peace and prosperity.

2. The DPRK and the United States will join their efforts to build a lasting and stable peace regime on the Korean Peninsula.

3. Reaffirming the April 27, 2018 Panmunjom Declaration, the DPRK commits to work toward complete denuclearization of the Korean Peninsula.

4. The DPRK and the United States commit to recovering POW/MIA remains, including the immediate repatriation of those already identified.

Having acknowledged that the DPRK-U.S. summit, the first in history, was an epochal event of great significance in overcoming decades of tensions and hostilities between the two countries and for opening of a new future, Chairman

**Kim Jong Un** and President Trump commit to implement the stipulations in this joint statement fully and expeditiously.

The DPRK and the United States commit to hold follow-on negotiations led by the U.S. Secretary of State Mike Pompeo and a relevant high-level DPRK official, at the earliest possible date, to implement the outcomes of the DPRK-U.S. summit.

Chairman **Kim Jong Un** of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and President Donald J. Trump of the United States of America have committed to cooperate for the development of new DPRK-U.S. relations and for the promotion of peace, prosperity, and security of the Korean Peninsula and of the world.

## **Kim Jong Un Returns Home**

**Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and supreme commander of the Korean People's Army, came

back home on June 13 after successfully concluding the historic DPRK-U.S. summit meeting and talks held in the Republic of Singapore.

Amid the great attention and excitement of mankind toward the epochal talks unprecedented in history which shocked the whole world, **Kim Jong Un**, the respected Supreme Leader of the party, army and state of the DPRK, left his lodging quarters on Tuesday night and set out on a return trip.

Foreign Minister Vivian Balakrishnan and Minister of Education Ong Ye Kung of Singapore came out to Changi International Airport to see **Kim Jong Un** off.

They congratulated him on his success at the historic DPRK-U.S. summit.

He thanked the government of the Republic of Singapore once again for its much effort and sincerity for the successful DPRK-U.S. summit.

He exchanged warm good-byes with the senior officials of the Singaporean government who came out to see him off and got on the plane for his personal use.

The Chinese plane carrying him landed at Pyongyang International Airport at 7:00 a.m. Wednesday.

A ceremony for greeting the Supreme Leader took place at the airport overflowing with the ardent desire of all the people for his safe return from foreign tour.

He was warmly greeted by the leading officials of the party and government.

Reflecting the unanimous desire of all the people, the leading officials wholeheartedly extended the warmest congratulations to **Kim Jong Un** who ushered in a new phase of the DPRK-U.S. relations while steering the trend of the political situation on the Korean Peninsula through his energetic external activities.

He shook hands one by one with leading officials of the party and government and extended warm greetings to all his beloved people of the country.

## Kim Jong Un Arrives in Singapore

**Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea and chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, arrived in the Republic of Singapore on the afternoon of June 10.

Foreign Minister of Singapore Vivian Balakrishnan, Minister of Education Ong Ye Kung, Chee Wee Kiong, permanent secretary of the Foreign Ministry, and the director-general of the Department of Northeast Asian Affairs of the Foreign Ministry were present at Changi International Airport to greet **Kim Jong Un**, the respected Supreme Leader of the party, state and army of the DPRK.

The Chinese plane carrying him arrived at the airport at 3:00 p.m. local time.

He got off the plane, exchanged warm greetings with the Singaporean government senior officials who came to greet him, and headed for his lodging quarters.



## Kim Jong Un Leaves for Singapore

**Kim Jong Un**, chairman of the Workers' Party of Korea, chairman of the State Affairs Commission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and supreme commander of the Korean People's Army, left here by a Chinese plane for his personal use on the morning of June 10 to visit the Republic of Singapore where the DPRK-U.S. summit meeting and talks are to be held.

The historic first summit meeting and talks between **Kim Jong Un**, the respected Supreme Leader of the party, the state and the army of the DPRK, and Donald J. Trump, president of the United States of America, are to be held on the morning of June 12.

**Kim Jong Un** is accompanied by Kim Yong Chol and Ri Su Yong, members of the Political Bureau and vice-chairmen of the Central Committee of the WPK, Ri Yong Ho, member of the Political Bureau

of the C.C., WPK and foreign minister, No Kwang Chol, alternate member of the Political Bureau of the C.C., WPK and minister of the People's Armed Forces, Kim Yo Jong, alternate member of the Political Bureau and first vice department director of the C.C., WPK, Choe Son Hui, vice-minister of Foreign Affairs, and members of the C.C., WPK and the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK.

A ceremony of sending **Kim Jong Un** off took place at Pyongyang International Airport.

He setting out on a historic foreign tour was seen off by Kim Yong Nam, Choe Ryong Hae and Pak Pong Ju, members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the C.C., WPK, and Yang Hyong Sop, Ri Myong Su, Kim Su Gil, Ri Yong Gil, Pak Kwang Ho, Kim Phyong Hae, An Jong Su, Pak Thae Song, Choe Pu Il, Ro Tu Chol, Choe Hwi and Pak Thae Dok, members and alternate members of the Political Bureau of the C.C., WPK.

**Kim Jong Un** got on the Chinese plane for his personal use after exchanging greetings with the senior officials of the party and government who came to see him off.

The senior officials of the party and government sincerely wished **Kim Jong Un** good successes in the first summit meeting and talks between the DPRK and the U.S. and his safe return.

Wide-ranging and profound views on the issue of establishing new DPRK-U.S. relations, the issue of building a permanent and durable peace-keeping mechanism on the Korean Peninsula, the issue of realizing the denuclearization of the Korean peninsula and other issues of mutual concern, as required by the changed era, will be exchanged at the DPRK-U.S. summit talks to be held for the first time in history amid the great attention and expectation of the whole world.